OPTIONS:	FIXES TO EXISTING SYSTEM	
	improvement themes [items w/dots]	specific proposals [items w/dots]
LUC ROLE / PROCESS	Project-specific, quasi-judicial decision making	
	More efficient process: speed up processing by state/county agencies [E.1]	 Increase threshold for county LUDBAs [E.1.a] Single, combined LUC & county fact-finding hearing for project (LUC decision-making later) [D.18] Limit LUC to determining district classification [H.5] Streamline/more flexible use of boundary amendment interpretation for minor modifications [E.1.b] Consolidate points of legal intervention to reduce delays and uncertainty [E.3]Boundary amendments based on county plans with appeal via declaratory ruling [H.12]
PARTICIPATION IN Decision Making / Appeals	More meaningful avenue for public participation & expertise to be used [A.2]	 More local/regional review and input in process and approvals [c.1] Use of technology to improve access / participation in LUC process [A.3/A.4.a], such as live web streaming of hearings; testimony provided via teleconferencing
	Improved notice through signs with project/contact info at project sites [A.5]	
	Improved intervention / representation in hearings [A.2]	 Public advocate/lawyers to represent citizen intervenors in hearings [A.8] Ombudsman/citizen advocate position at LUC to reduce burden on public to participate [A.9] Intervention fee of \$1,000 [A.7]
	Boundary amendments based on county plans with appeal via declaratory ruling [H.12]	
PLAN Implementation		
ENFORCEMENT	Better enforcement of conditions [B.1]	 Clarify in statutes LUC & county roles in enforcement, e.g: » Greater authority for LUC enforcement of conditions and flexibility in enforcement tools (e.g., flexibility with respect to market change, public infrastructure delays) [B.5] » Tie county authority to fine under Ch 46 for Ch 205 use violations [and conditions?] [B.4.a] » Enforcement monitored and implemented by county [B.4.b]

OPTIONS: FIXES TO EXISTING SYSTEM

	improvement themes [items w/dots]	specific proposals [items w/dots]
ENFORCEMENT		 Enforceable conditions that provide clear path for state and/or county enforcement [B.2], e.g.: Clarify in Ch 205, D&O to allow for delays in public infrastructure or market changes (certainty with flexibility) [B.12] Better use of annual reports in monitoring compliance [B.6] Statutory authority for citizen enforcement of LUC conditions (appeal or lawsuit) [B.13]
INFORMATION & ANALYSIS FOR Planning & Decision Making	Use of thresholds for operations & safety of roadways ^[C.1]	
	Greater scrutiny for ag, increased consideration of ag resource concerns in boundary amendments, higher threshold [F.2]	
	Move environmental review to post-LUC decision making [H.7]	

OPTIONS:	State Growth Management	t
	[DPP, LUC]	
	redesign elements	specific proposals
LUC ROLE / PROCESS	Unclear re: project-specific decision making & pr	ocess
	State interests in land use clearly articulated State vision guides goals and decision making of new LUC State/county relationship clearly articulated Land use approval minimizes redundant processes and steps	
	Areas of overlap covered by process that fosters collaboration and consensus	
	Process links plan and implementation and public/private partnerships	 Expedited process for planned growth consistent with infrastructure development in designated areas
	Promotes a growth and conservation vision for Hawaii State develops localized/county-based growth and conservation plans	 Includes conservation of ag and open space, maps/districts, timeline for gradual growth
	State develops statewide strategic plans/documents for major land use/development objectives	• Create statistically/evidentiary based large scale planning document (baseline data, statewide needs) for current issues/needs (urban density, food sustainability, etc.
		Required regular review and funding for strategic issues analysis and action plans
COUNTY ROLE / Process		
PARTICIPATION IN Decision Making / Appeals		
PLAN Implementation	Improved implementation and support of long-range land use plans	 State and county investment in/development of infrastructure development in designated growth areas Tax/financial incentive structure to discourage speculative growth outside designated areas and/or foster development within designated growth areas
ENFORCEMENT		
INFORMATION & Analysis for Planning & Decision Making	Ag IAL criteria tied to evolving definition & process that accounts to changes in technology and markets for agriculture	

OPTIONS:	County Plan-based Boundary Amendments [DPP, LURF, BIA, COC, MPD]	
	redesign elements	specific proposals
LUC ROLE / PROCESS	Regional quasi-legislative decision making with limited project-specific, quasi-judicial decisi Quasi-legislative boundary amendments based on conformance with county general and/or development plans	 on making Evaluate only consistency with plans No project conditions Decision on district classification only with conditions limited to state interest in law; LUC recommend other conditions to county If consistent with county plan, authority to disapprove or add conditions for mitigation only with demonstration of compelling state interest to deny
	State oversight of plan compliance with state plans and criteria Individual quasi-judicial boundary amendments for proposals not consistent with county plan	
COUNTY ROLE / Process	County general and development plans are primary driver of land use planning and decision making	Implement county general / development plans
PARTICIPATION IN Decision making / Appeals		
PLAN Implementation		
ENFORCEMENT		
INFORMATION & Analysis For Planning & Decision Making		

OPTIONS:	County Plan-based Plannin [APA, DOA]	ng Framework
	redesign elements	specific proposals
LUC ROLE / PROCESS	 Limited project-specific, quasi-judicial decision r with new functions in policy guidance / plan appr LUC → State Planning Commission: Statewide LU goals/guidelines for districts Standards/guidelines for county plans 	5
	Review/certify county GPs and DPs for compliance with standards	
	 with standards Individual boundary amendments 	 Limited to: Conservation District Lands without certified county plan Changes to IAL designation Proposals not consistent with certified county plans
	State updates State plans and functional plans	procise
COUNTY ROLE / Process	Quasi-legislative district boundary amendments Counties prepare GPs / DPs that incorporate/meet	
	statewide goals and guidelines and plan content requirements County boundary amendments for urban, agricultural, rural districts to conform to certified county plans;	
	councils are final decision makers APA model plus add: Require that counties legislate, codify & develop agricultural expertise	
PARTICIPATION IN Decision Making / Appeals	Hear appeals to boundary amendments by counties	 May be sustained based on: Access to new information Decision based on erroneous finding of material fact Decision made in arbitrary or capricious manner
PLAN Implementation		
ENFORCEMENT		
INFORMATION & ANALYSIS FOR Planning & Decision Making	State goals and policies State county plan content requirements DBEDT provides 20-year population projections	
	APA model plus add: Require that counties legislate, codify & develop agricultural expertise	

OPTIONS :	5-Yr Boundary Review Boundary Amendments [sc]	
	redesign elements	specific proposals
LUC ROLE / PROCESS	No project-specific decision-making	
	Comprehensive boundary amendments only once every five years for each island	[quasi-legislative?]
COUNTY ROLE / Process		
PARTICIPATION IN Decision making / Appeals		
PLAN Implementation		
ENFORCEMENT		
INFORMATION & Analysis for Planning & Decision Making	Comprehensive boundary reviews to inform boundary amendments	

OPTIONS:	Regional Boundary Amendments [KPD]	
	redesign elements	specific proposals
LUC ROLE / PROCESS	No project-specific decision making with new county quasi-judicial process for individual projects Quasi-legislative boundary amendments	
COUNTY ROLE / Process	For projects: Quasi-judicial county permit process to follow county zoning	Process before Planning Commission and [planning?] department w/ State and county agency 360° [? parties]
PARTICIPATION IN Decision making / Appeals		
PLAN Implementation		
ENFORCEMENT		
INFORMATION & Analysis for Planning & Decision Making	For projects: Ch 343 environmental review (if necessary) after county zoning/before county permit processing	

Options Compiled from Task Force Member Input on Desired System Improvements and/or Redesign