Restorative Aquaculture in Hawaii 2021



Topics

- Introducing the Aquaculture Development Program
- Regenerative Agriculture & Restorative Aquaculture
- Restorative Aquaculture in Hawaii
- Looking Forward



HDOA ADP

- Aquaculture Development Program
 - Component of Hawaii Department of Agriculture
- Primarily focus on commercial aquaculture development
- Leverage synergy between livestock sectors
 - High cost of feed (majority imported)
 - Animal (herd) health concerns
 - Pressure from imports (price / quality)
 - Land and water constraints



Regenerative Agriculture & Restorative Aquaculture



Regenerative Agriculture

 Restorative Aquaculture is a subset of Regenerative Agriculture





Regenerative Terrestrial Farming

- Process of restoring degraded soils using practices (e.g., adaptive grazing, no-till planting, no or limited use of pesticides and synthetic fertilizer, etc.) based on biological principles
 - Building soil organic matter and biodiversity
 - Decreased use of chemical inputs and subsequent pollution
 - Capturing carbon in the soil to combat climate change



Regenerative Livestock Practices

- Regenerative Cattle Grazing
 - Maintains rest-rotation cycles, which are short periods of dense grazing followed by long forage rest periods, to support vegetative recovery
- Korean Natural Farming (Swine / Poultry)
 - Uses indigenous microorganisms (IMO) to produce fertile soils enabling odor-free hog and poultry farming without the need to dispose of effluent material



Restorative Aquaculture



 Cultivation of low trophic level, filter-feeding species, such as seaweed and bivalve shellfish, that positively affect the environment



Sustainability of Restorative Aquaculture Economic / Environmental / Social



Economic Sustainability

- Integration of algae & oysters into commercial aquaculture operations
- Stand alone algae and oyster production
- Development of innovative solutions
- Partners
 - USDA / NOAA
 - HDOA / DBEDT / DOH
 - HATCH Aquaculture Accelerator
 - Commercial Operations



Integrated Multi-Trophic Aquaculture (IMTA)



POM = Particulate Organic Matter / DIN = Dissolved Inorganic Matter



New Commercial Designs



Example of IMTA Innovation





Environmental Sustainability - Monitoring

- Consistent analysis of ocean H₂O to monitor the ecological effects of aquaculture initiatives
 - Acidification Mitigation
 - Carbon Sequestration
 - Nutrient Removal
 - Water Quality Improvement
- Partners
 - DLNR / NOAA / UH



Environmental Sustainability - Seedstock

- Clean algae & oyster seedstock produced by sanctioned hatchery operations
- Partners
 - DLNR / HDOA / UH



Existing Hatchery Activity



Anuenue Fisheries Research Center Hatchery

• Kua Aina Auamo volunteers and DLNR staff raise juvenile seaweed sporelings for distribution





Limu Kohu (Asparagopsis taxiformis)

• Potential for livestock feed additive to reduce methane





Limu Manauea (Gracilaria coronopifolia)

Potential for food product – "ogo"





UH-Hilo Pacific Aquaculture & Coastal Resource Center

• PACRC staff raise juvenile oysters for distribution





Indigenous Oysters

 Hawaiian Oyster (*Dendostrea* sandvicensis)



 Black-lip Pearl Oyster (*Pinctada margaritifera*)





Social Sustainability

- Integration of algae & oysters into coastal resilience, education and restoration initiatives
- Partners
 - NOAA
 - DOE / UH
 - Community Outreach
 - Kua Aina Ulu Auamo (Limu Hui) / Waterkeeper Alliance



Waimanalo Limu Hui (Outreach)

• Plants *limu* to help restore Waimanalo's marine ecosystem and build a greater sense of community among Waimanalo residents







Billion Oyster Project (www.billionoysterproject.org)

- Restoring oyster reefs in NY Harbor in collaboration with NYC communities
 - 72M live oysters restored
 - 1.8M lbs of shells collected
 - 8,000+ NYC students engaged





Wai Wai Ola Waterkeepers (Outreach)

 30,000+ Hawaiian Oysters have been restored to Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, Kaneohe Marine Corps Base, Hawaii Yacht Club & Waikiki Yacht Club





Seaweed's Ability to Store Carbon



2016 Research

"Magnitude of carbon sequestered by algal forests is comparable to that of all those three habitats (mangroves, salt marshes & seagrass meadows) together" Dr. Carlos Duarte





Current Research

Oceans 2050 will publish a report in Q1 2022

- Quantify seaweed carbon sequestration
- Assess the role of seaweed aquaculture as a key recovery wedge for the world's oceans and the climate
- 12 countries / 5 continents

OCEANS·2050 GLOBAL SEA₩EED PROJECT BLUE CARBON



Moving Forward



Desired Outcomes (1)

- Create framework for governance and organizational leadership including science advisory body
- Formalize relationships between partners for collaborative project development and execution
- Establish conduits for fundraising and project financing
- Define and measure scientific baselines in metric areas



Desired Outcomes (2)

- Identify and fill gaps for research and innovation required for advancement
- Review existing policy and propose legislation to support development
- Deploy scalable demonstration projects with measurable outcomes to engage stakeholders and community



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